Iran (Islamic Republic of): WHO statistical profile

Basic statistics

Statistics	Year
77447	2013
24	2013
8	2013
29	2013
72	2013
1.9	2013
1455.5	2013
398.3	2013
99	2010
15600	2013
Eastern Mediterran	2013
Upper middle	2013
	77447 24 8 29 72 1.9 1455.5 398.3 99 15600 Eastern Mediterran

Life expectancy (years), 2012

		Country	WHO region	World Bank income group
Life expectancy	At birth	74	68	74
	At age 60	20	18	20
Healthy life expectancy	At birth	64	58	66

Life expectancy at birth for both sexes increased by 4 year(s) over the period of 2000-2012; the WHO region average increased by 3 year(s) in the same period.

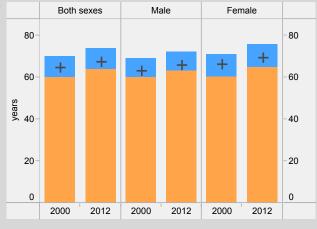
In 2012, healthy expectancy in both sexes was 10 year(s) lower than overall life expectancy at birth. This lost healthy life expetancy represents 10 equivalent year(s) of full health lost through years lived with morbidity and disability.

... Data from 2007 onwards not available.

Source: Country statistics and global health estimates by WHO and UN partners

For more information visit the Global Health Observatory (http://www.who.int/gho/en/)

Last updated: January 2015



WHO regional life expectancy at birth

Healthy life expectancy at birth

Lost healthy life expectancy

WHO region

Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)

	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Stati	stics		100-	
Indicators	Baseline*	Latest**			
Under-five mortality rate (per 1000 live births)	57	17	Under-five mortality rate (per 1000 live births)	50-	
Maternal mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births)	83	23		0	
Deaths due to HIV/AIDS (per 100 000 population)	0.5	6.0	Maternal	300-	
Deaths due to malaria (per 100 000 population)	0.0	0.0	mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births)	200-	
Deaths due to tuberculosis among HIV-negative people (per 100 000 population)	3.8	3.2		0	1
*1990 for under-five mortality and maternal mortali	ty; 2000 for other	indicators	Country		

-five ity rate D00 live 50-0 300nal ity ratio 200-0 0 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 2015

*1990 for under-five mortality and maternal mortality; 2000 for other indicators

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Distribution of causes of deaths DTP3 immunization among **Children aged under-5** stunted in children under-5, 2013 **1-year-olds** 23 Prematurity 100 80 Congenital anomalies 20 Other causes 15 80 60 13 Acute respiratory infections 11 Birth asphyxia Percentage Percentage 60 Injuries 40 Neonatal sepsis 40 Diarrhoea 3 HIV/AIDS < 1 20 20 <1 Measles Malaria <1 0 0 0 10 20 1990 2010 2015 1995 2000 2005 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 2015 Percentage of total

Country WHO region

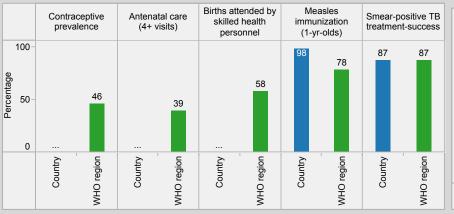
World Health Organization

> Source: Country statistics and global health estimates by WHO and UN partners For more information visit the Global Health Observatory (<u>http://www.who.int/gho/en//</u>) Last updated: January 2015

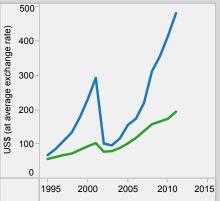
> > ... Data not available or applicable.

Utilisation of health services*

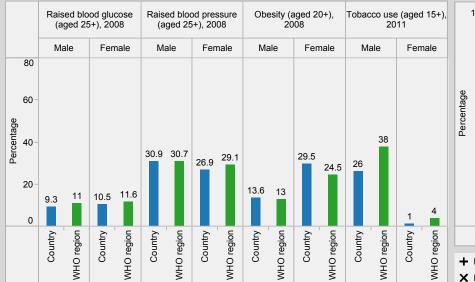
*Data refer to the latest year available from 2007.



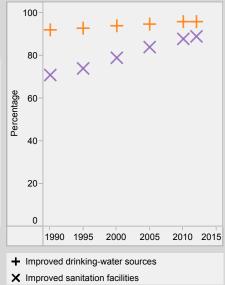
Per capita total expenditure on health



Adult risk factors



Population using improved water and sanitation



World Health Organization

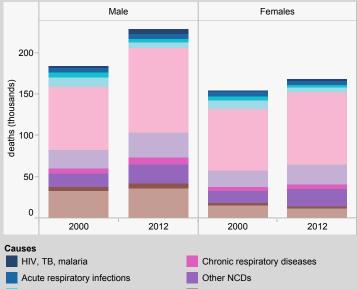
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Top 10 causes of death

Ischaemic heart disease was the leading cause of death, killing 97.7 thousand people in 2012

No of dea	aths (000s) 2012	Crude death rate 2000-2012	Change in rank 2000-2012
Ischaemic heart disease (24.7%)	97.7		•
Stroke (10.5%)	41.6		•
Road injury (8.1%)	32.0		•
Hypertensive heart disease (3.6%)	14.1		
Lower respiratory infections (2.7%)	10.6		
Diabetes mellitus (2.2%)	8.8		
Stomach cancer (2.1%)	8.2		•
Endocrine, blood, immune disorders (1.9%)	7.5		
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (1.6%)	6.3		
Preterm birth complications (1.5%)	6.1		▼
Rank decreased		increased	no change

Deaths by broad cause group



- Suicide, homicide and conflict
- Unintentional injuries
- Cardiovascular diseases and diabetes
- Cancers

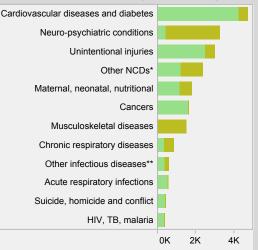
Other infectious diseases

Maternal, neonatal, nutritional

Burden of disease, 2012

Disability-adjusted life years (DALYs) are the sum of years of life lost due to premature mortality (YLL) and years of healthy life lost due to disability (YLD).

DALYs, YLL and YLD (thousands) by broad cause group



*Other noncommunicable diseases (NCDs) including non-malignant neoplasms; endocrine, blood and immune disorders; sense organ, digestive, genitourinary, and skin diseases; oral conditions; and congenital anomalies.

 ** Infectious diseases other than acute respiratory diseases, HIV, TB and malaria.

YLD

YLL

Probability of dying, 2012

Probability of dying between relevant exact ages, for a person experiencing the 2012 age-specific mortality risks throughout their life.

Before age 15, all causes	Male	9%
	Female	8%
Before age 70, all causes	Male	47%
	Female	39%
Between ages 15 and 49, from maternal causes	Female	1%
Between ages 30 and 70, from 4 major noncommunicable diseases (NCDs)~	Both sexes	17%

~Cancers, cardiovascular diseases, chronic respiratory diseases and diabetes

Source: Country statistics and global health estimates by WHO and UN partners

For more information visit the Global Health Observatory (http://who.int/gho/mortality_burden_disease/en/) Last updated: January 2015